# Barriers and solutions to the development of renewable energy technologies for power generation on Caribbean island states

### Philipp Blechinger Katharina Richter

Sustainable Energy Project Development Workshop: Experience, Strategies and Implementation

19<sup>th</sup> of August 2014



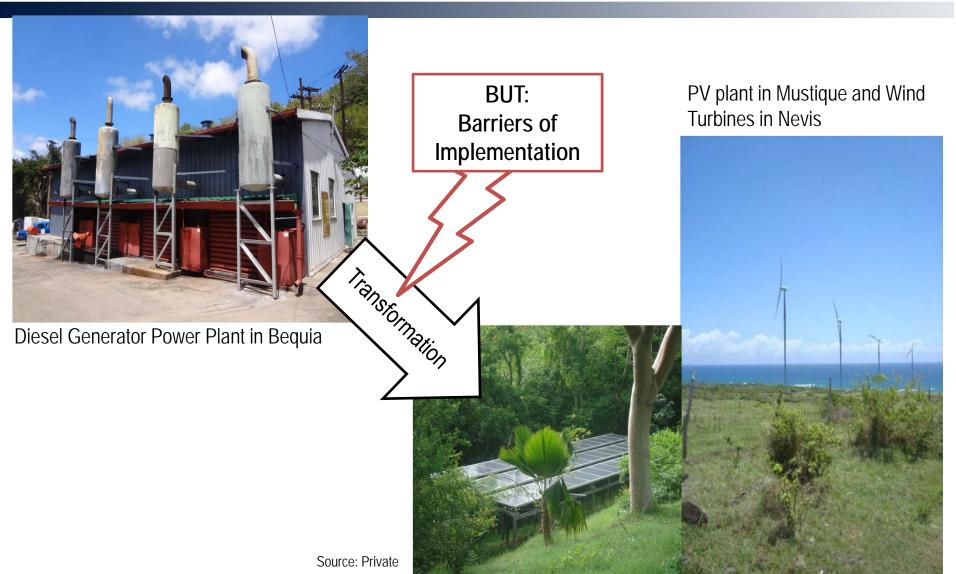


# Agenda

- Problem
- Methodology
- Results
- Recommendations

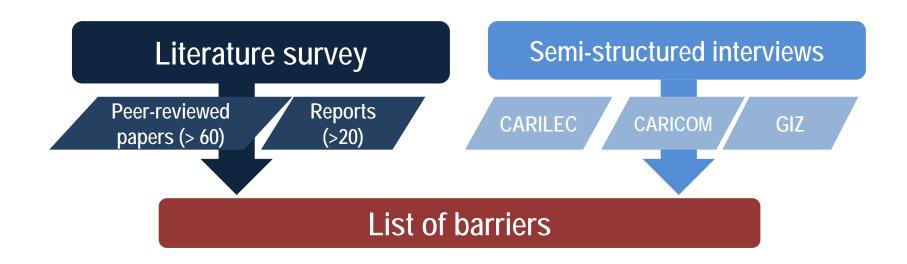


# **Research Problem**



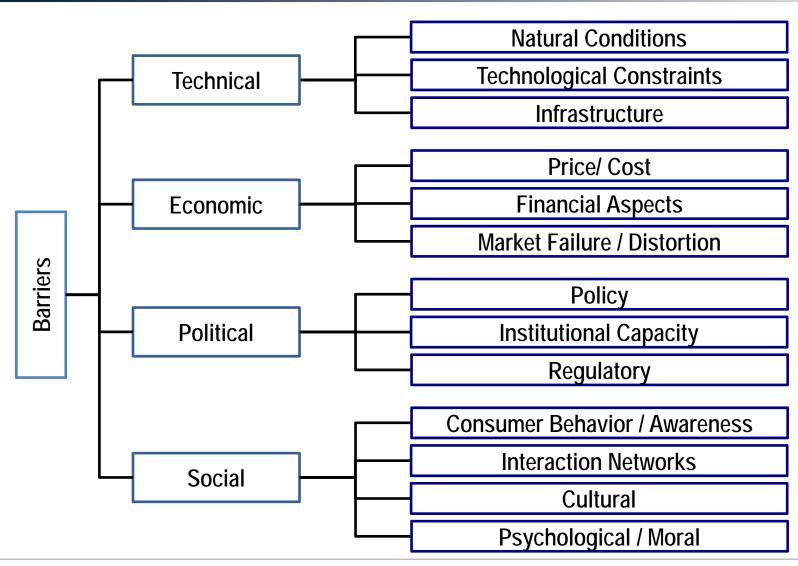


# Methodology – List of Barriers



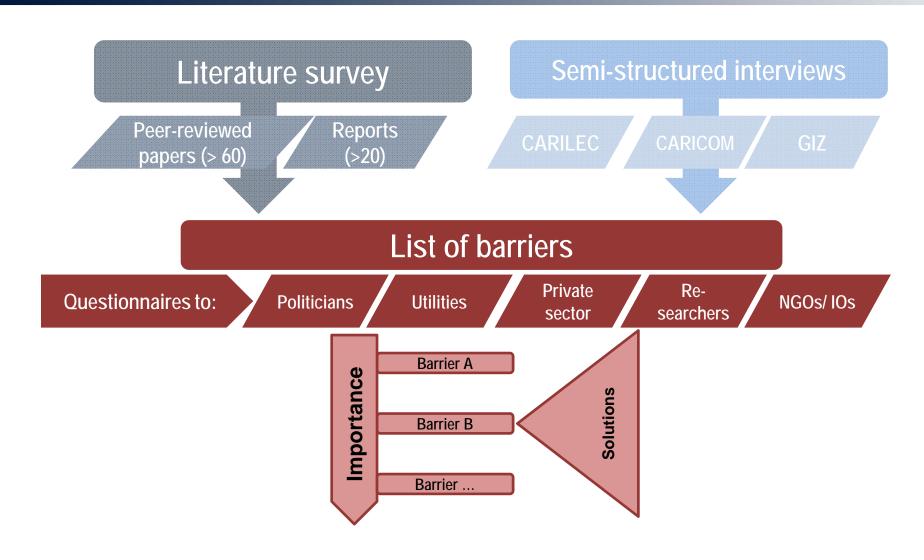


## Results – List of Barriers





# **Methodology - Evaluation**

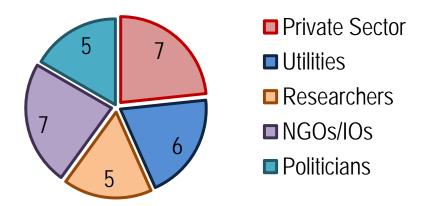




# **Questionnaire and Response Rate**

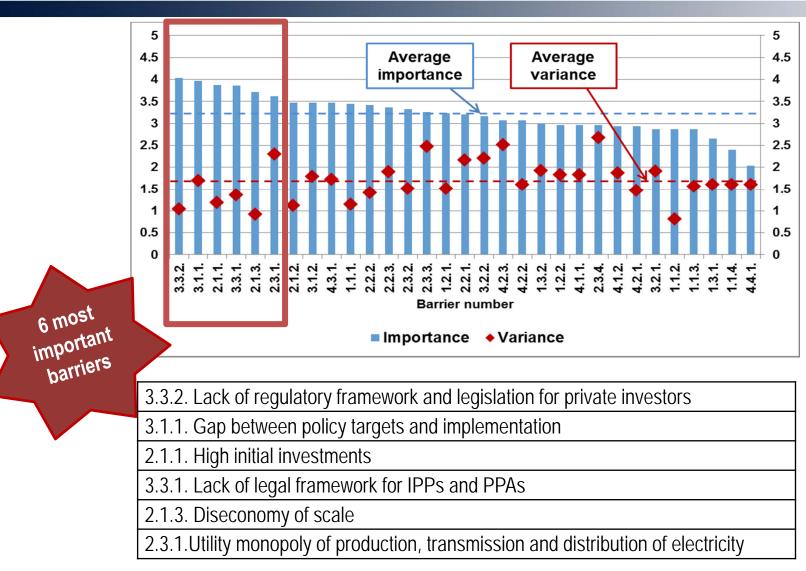
5	4	3	2	1	0	Z
Highest importance	High importance	Moderate importance	Low importance	Very low importance	Absolutely no import.	Don't know

Response Rate: 30/100





# Results Ranking – All stakeholders





# Results Ranking – 6 Most Important Barriers

Barrier	Barrier	Imp.	Var.	Imp.	Imp.	Imp.	Imp.	Imp.
nr.	name	Overall	Overall	Polit.	l0s	Private	Resear.	Utility
3.3.2.	Lack of regulatory framework and	4.03	1.03	4.2	4.0	4.3	4.4	3.3
	legislation for private investors							
3.1.1.	Gap between policy targets and	3.97	1.70	3.8	3.9	4.4	4	3.7
	implementation							
2.1.1.	High initial investments	3.87	1.18	4.4	3.9	3.7	4.2	3.3
3.3.1.	Lack of legal framework for IPPs and	3.86	1.36	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.2	2.7
	PPAs							
2.1.3.	Diseconomy of scale	3.71	0.92	3.2	3.6	3.6	4.4	3.8
2.3.1.	Utility monopoly of production,	3.62	2.30	3.8	4.1	4.2	4.2	1.8
	transmission and distribution of electricity							

- 3 Political, 3 Economic barriers
- Strong consensu for the top 5 barriers
- Rank 6 "Utility monopoly of production, transmission and distribution of electricity" shows high variance => different reception among the different stakeholers



## Recommendations

Regulatory framework to

- secure investments
- attract private capital
- provide implementation goals
- oversight monopolies

 $(\mathbf{l})$ 

Direct or in-direct subsidies to

- reduce prices
- attract private capital

Caribbean wide market to

- increase competition
- enhance economies of scale

Lack of regulatory framework and legislation for private investors

Gap between policy targets and implementation

High initial investments

Lack of legal framework for IPPs and PPAs

Diseconomy of scale

Utility monopoly of production, transmission and distribution of electricity



# THANK YOU

... and the Reiner Lemoine-Stiftung for the kind support, which is greatly appreciated, and my colleagues at the RLI for precious discussions.







## Results - Technical Barriers Details

#### I. Natural Conditions

- Land use competition on islands
- RE impact on landscapes and ecosystems
- Natural disasters
- Lack of evidence-based assessment of RE potentials
  - **II.** Technical Constraints
- Lack of technical expertise and experience
- Low availability of RE technologies
  - III. Infrastructure
- Inappropriate transport & installation facilities
- Unsuitable transmission system and grid stability issues with decentralised RE



## Results - Economic Barriers Details

#### I. Price/cost

- High initial investments
- High transaction costs
- Diseconomy of scale

#### II. Financial Aspects

- Lack of access to low cost capital or credit
- Lack of understanding of project cash flows from financial institutions
- Lack of private capital

#### III. Market Failure/distortion

- Utility monopoly of production, transmission and distribution of electricity
- Small market sizes
- Lock-in dilemma (conventional energy supply structures block REs)
- Fossil fuel subsidies and fuel surcharge



## **Results – Political Barriers Details**

#### I. Policy

- Gap between policy targets and implementation
- Lack of incentives or subsidies for RE

#### II. Institutional Capacity

- Lack of formal institutions
- Lack of RE experts on governmental level

#### III. Regulatory

- Lack of legal framework for IPPs and PPAs
- Lack of regulatory framework and legislation for private investors



## **Results - Social Barriers Details**

#### I. Consumer Behaviour/awareness

- Lack of social norms and awareness
- Lack of educational institutions
  - **II. Interaction Networks**
- Lack of RE initiatives
- Lack of local/national champions/ entrepreneurs
- Strong fossil fuel lobby
  - III. Cultural
- Dominance of cost over environmental issues
  - IV. Psychological/Moral
- Preference for status quo

# Results - Importance

	Barrier	Barrier	Imp.	Var.	lmp.	lmp.	Imp.	Imp.	Imp.
R H	nr.	name	Overall	Overall	Polit.	IOs	Private	Research	Utility
	3.3.2.	Lack of regulatory framework and legislation for private investors	4.03	1.03	4.2	4.0	4.3	4.4	3.3
	3.1.1.	Gap between policy targets and implementation	3.97	1.70	3.8	3.9	4.4	4	3.7
	2.1.1.	High initial investments	3.87	1.18	4.4	3.9	3.7	4.2	3.3
	3.3.1.	Lack of legal framework for IPPs and PPAs	3.86	1.36	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.2	2.7
	2.1.3.	Diseconomy of scale	3.71	0.92	3.2	3.6	3.6	4.4	3.8
	2.3.1.	Utility monopoly of production, transmission and distribution of electricity	3.62	2.30	3.8	4.1	4.2	4.2	1.8
	3.1.2.	High transaction costs	3.47	1.12	3.4	3.7	2.9	4.2	3.3
	4.3.1.	Lack of incentives or subsidies for RE	3.47	1.78	3.4	3.7	3.9	3.4	2.8
	2.1.2.	Dominance of cost over environmental issues	3.47	1.72	3.6	2.9	3.7	3.4	3.8
	1.1.1.	Land use competition on islands	3.45	1.14	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.8	3.8
	2.2.2.	Lack of understanding of project cash flows from financial institutions	3.41	1.41	4	3.3	3.7	4	2.2
	2.2.3.	Lack of private capital	3.37	1.90	3.6	3.6	3.3	4	2.5
	2.3.2.	Small market sizes	3.32	1.50	3.4	3.3	3.8	3.8	2.3
	2.3.3.	Lock-in dilemma (conventional energy supply structures block REs)	3.25	2.47	3	4.0	3.7	4.2	1.5
	1.2.1.	Lack of technical expertise and experience	3.23	1.51	3.8	3.4	3.0	4	2.2
	2.2.1.	Lack of access to low cost capital or credit	3.21	2.16	2.6	3.8	3.6	3.2	2.7
	3.2.2.	Lack of RE experts on governmental level	3.17	2.21	4.4	3.7	3.1	3	1.7
	4.2.3.	Strong fossil fuel lobby	3.07	2.51	2.8	4.2	3.7	3.5	1.3
	4.2.2.	Lack of local/national champions/ entrepreneurs	3.07	1.60	3.8	3.6	2.9	3	2.2
	1.3.2.	Unsuitable transmission system and grid stability issues with decentralised RE	3.00	1.93	3.2	2.2	2.3	4.4	3.2
	1.2.2.	Low availability of RE technologies	2.97	1.83	3.2	3.3	2.6	4	2.0
	4.1.1.	Lack of social norms and awareness	2.97	1.83	3.8	3.6	3.3	2.4	1.7
	2.3.4.	Fossil fuel subsidies and fuel surcharge	2.96	2.68	2.2	3.7	3.2	4.25	1.7
	4.1.2.	Lack of educational institutions	2.93	1.86	3.6	3.7	3.1	2.4	1.7
	4.2.1.	Lack of RE initiatives	2.93	1.46	3.4	3.3	3.0	2.6	2.3
	3.2.1.	Lack of formal institutions	2.87	1.92	3.6	3.0	2.6	3.8	1.7
	1.1.3.	RE impact on landscapes and ecosystems	2.86	0.81	2.8	2.7	3.3	2.4	3.0
	1.1.2.	Natural disasters	2.86	1.57	3.2	2.4	2.8	3.2	2.8
	1.3.1.	Inappropriate transport & installation facilities	2.66	1.61	3.2	2.6	1.7	3	3.0
	1.1.4.	Lack of evidence-based assessment of RE potentials	2.39	1.60	2.4	2.2	2.9	2.6	1.8
	111	Drafarance for status que	2.04	1 / 1	1 0	2.7	2.0	1 /	1.0